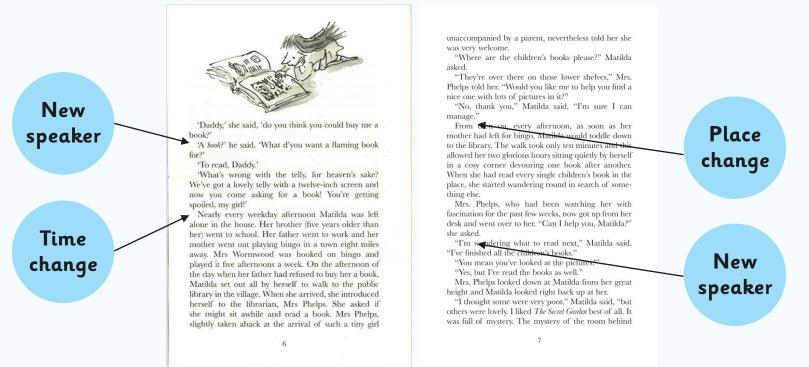
Paragraphs & Sub-headings

What is a Paragraph?

In <u>fiction texts</u>, paragraphs are used to show when a writer has changed time, place or argument, or when there is a new speaker.

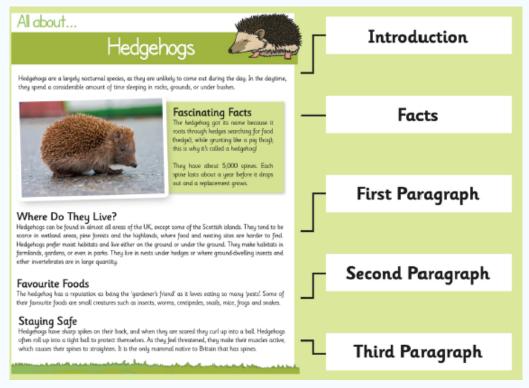
When they do this, they will start a new paragraph.



Paragraphs are separated by **beginning a new line and indenting**the first part of the sentence.

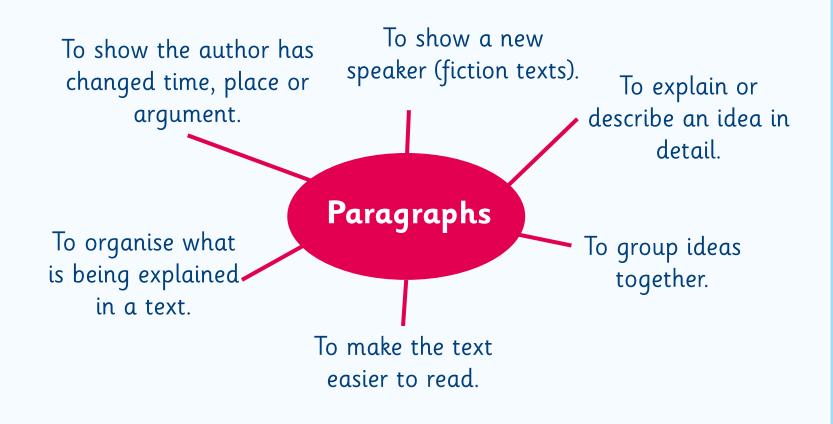
What is a Paragraph?

In <u>non-fiction texts</u>, a paragraph is a group of sentences, which is written about the same idea or topic.



In a **non-fiction** text, we usually see line space between each paragraph. A **subheading** is often used before each paragraph or group of paragraphs, telling us what it will be about.

Why Do We Use Paragraphs?



Non-Fiction Texts: Sub-Headings

What are headings?

Headings are used to show what a page is about.

What are sub-headings?

Sub-headings are used to show what a paragraph is about.

The **heading** is the main title of a text.

A **sub-heading** is a heading for a paragraph or a group of paragraphs in a text.

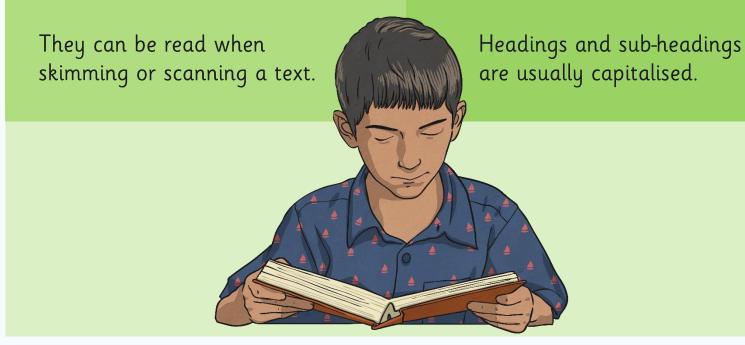
Sub-headings can often be written as a question e.g. Where Do Hedgehogs Live?



Sub-Headings

They are helpful because they help the reader to find the information they need, quickly.

They do not need to be read from beginning to end.



Using Paragraphs

The following non-fiction text does not have paragraphs to sort the ideas. Discuss with an adult where you think the topic changes and where a new paragraph should start:

Frogs are amphibians, which mean that they can live both on land and in the water. They are cold-blooded which means that their bodies are the same temperature as the air. When they get cold, they need to lie in the sun to warm up and when they get too warm, they need to go into the water or find a shady place to cool down. Frogs are found all over the world. They are found in every climate and on all continents except Antarctica. They are often found near any source of fresh water but they prefer water which does not move very quickly. Smaller frogs eat flies and insects, especially crickets. Larger frogs can eat mice! Frogs do not need to drink because they absorb water through their skin.

How many paragraphs could we split this piece of text into?



Using Paragraphs – ANSWERS!

The text could be split into 3 paragraphs as shown below:

As this is a non-fiction text, can you think of a good sub-heading to tell the reader what each paragraph is about?

Frogs are amphibians, which mean that they can live both on land and in the water. They are cold-blooded which means that their bodies are the same temperature as the air. When they get cold, they need to lie in the sun to warm up and when they get too warm, they need to go into the water or find a shady place to cool down.

Frogs are found all over the world. They are found in every climate and on all continents except Antarctica. They are often found near any source of fresh water but they prefer water which does not move very quickly.

Smaller frogs eat flies and insects, especially crickets. Larger frogs can eat mice! Frogs do not need to drink because they absorb water through their skin.

Sub-Headings – ANSWERS!

You may have come up with sub-headings like these:

What Are Frogs? OR Frogs:

Frogs are amphibians, which mean that they can live both on land and in the water. They are cold-blooded which means that their bodies are the same temperature as the air. When they get cold, they need to lie in the sun to warm up and when they get too warm, they need to go into the water or find a shady place to cool down.

Where Are Frogs Found? OR Frog Habitats:

Frogs are found all over the world. They are found in every climate and on all continents except Antarctica. They are often found near any source of fresh water but they prefer water which does not move very quickly.

What Do Frogs Eat? OR Frog Diets:

Smaller frogs eat flies and insects, especially crickets. Larger frogs can eat mice! Frogs do not need to drink because they absorb water through their skin.

