







Divide 2-digits by 1-digit (1)

R

- 1 Rosie is working out $93 \div 3$ using a place value chart.

Tens	Ones
	
	
	

a) Talk about Rosie's method with a partner.

b) Complete the division.

$$93 \div 3 = \boxed{}$$

- 2 Use place value counters to complete the divisions.

a) $66 \div 3 = \boxed{}$

d) $48 \div 4 = \boxed{}$

b) $86 \div 2 = \boxed{}$

e) $\boxed{} = 39 \div 3$

3

Dexter is working out $56 \div 4$ using a place value chart.

T	O
10	1
10	1
10	1
10	1



a)

I can't do it
because I have counters
left over.



Do you agree with Dexter? _____

Explain your answer.

b) Work out $56 \div 4$ using place value counters.

$$56 \div 4 = \boxed{}$$

4

Use place value counters to complete the divisions.

a) $72 \div 3 = \boxed{}$

d) $48 \div 6 = \boxed{}$

b) $92 \div 4 = \boxed{}$

e) $\boxed{} = 45 \div 3$

c) $65 \div 5 = \boxed{}$

f) $64 \div 4 = \boxed{}$

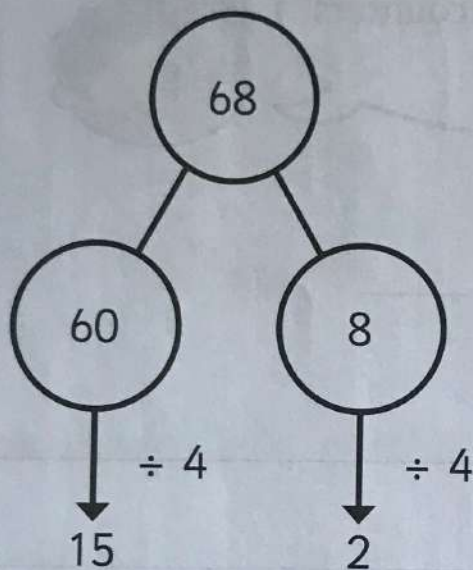
- 5 Teddy is working out $57 \div 3$

This division will need an exchange.



How does Teddy know this? Talk about it with a partner.

- 6 Amir is working out $68 \div 4$

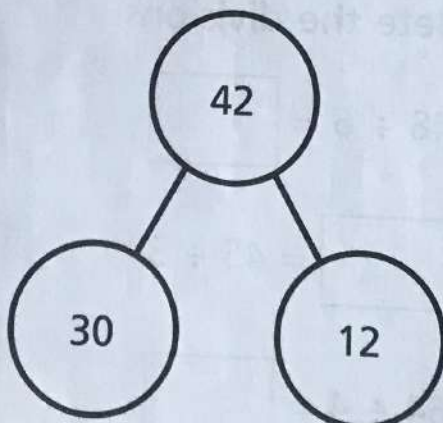


$$68 \div 4 = 17$$

Talk about Amir's method with a partner.

- 7 Use Amir's method to complete these calculations.

a) $42 \div 3 = \square$



b) $96 \div 4 = \square$

